1	2	3	4
8.	Himachal Pradesh	31761	80.2
9.	Jammu &Kashmir	1016	*
10.	Karnataka	100767	95.0
11.	Kerala	35959	85.5
12.	Madhya Pradesh	54224	79.7
13.	Maharashtra	509751	80.7
14.	Manipur	682	83.3
15.	Meghalaya	329	*
16.	Mizoram	909	50.0
17.	Nagaland	174	*
18.	Orissa	82578	76.8
19.	Punjab	21686	99.7
20.	Rajasthan	45708	44.8
21.	Sikkim	1028	86.5
22.	Tamil Nadu	155747	80.5
23.	Tripura	396	*
24.	Uttar Pradesh	224411	48.6
25.	West Bengal	63984	90.8
26.	Andaman & Nicobar	108	*
27.	Chandigarh	82	*
28.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	154	*
29.	Delhi	625	25.4
30.	Pondicherry	515	*
	Total:	1763557	77.1

* States not covered by NCAER evaluation.

Dumping of Toxic Wastes in the Indian Ocean and Bay of Bengal

600. SHRI K.R. MALKANI: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to State:

(a) whether it is a fact that the industrialised countries of the West have dumped millions of tons of their toxic wastes in the Bay of Bengal and the Indian Ocean during the last three years;

(b) what steps Government have taken to prevent this spoilation of Indian and South Asian environment;

(c) what is the position of the International Law on the subject; and

(d) whether Government would consider asking the erring countries for damages?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS WITH ADDITIONAL CHARGE OF THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS, DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND OCEAN DEVELOPMENT. (SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO): (a) During the last three years, no incident of dumping of toxic wastes by industrialised countries in the Bay of Bengal and in the Indian Ocean has been reported or noticed by the Indian Coast Guard.

(b) The Indian Coast Guard maintain constant surveillance and vigil over the maritime zones to ensure that the marine environment is not polluted.

(c) Under the united Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, 1982 to which India is a signatory, a coastal State has the right to permit, regulate and control pollution by dumping of wastes within its maritime zones. Dumping within the territorial sea and the Exclusive Economic Zone or on to the Continental Shelf shall not be carried out without the prior approval of the coastal State. The London Dumping Convention of 1972 prohibits the disposal of certain substances or wastes such as organohalogen compounds, mercury, cadmium, floating plastics, mineral oils and high level radioactive wastes. It contains specific regulations concerning the dumping of other materials. The movement of wastes and their disposal is regulated under the Basel Convention on the Control of Transboundary Movement of Hazardous Wastes and their Disposal which,

inter alia, prohibits the export of hazardous wastes from one country to another.

(d) Does not arise.

भारत ऐलुमिनियम कम्पनी में नाममात्र के वेतन पर अधिकारी

601. **श्री दिलीप सिंह जूदेव:** क्या प्रधान मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या सरकार ने मासिक एक रुपये के नाममात्र के वेतन लेने की प्रणाली को देश में समाप्त कर दिया है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो तत्संबंधी ब्यौरा क्या है;

(ग) क्या यह सच है कि भारत सरकार के उपक्रम भारत ऐलुमिनियम कम्पनी लिमिटेड (बाल्को) ने अपने प्रबन्धकीय और अन्य विभागों में ऐसे वेतनों पर उच्च पदों पर अधिकारियों की नियुक्ति की है, यदि हां, तो अभी तक ऐसी कितनी नियुक्तियां की गयी हैं;

(घ) ऐसे नाममात्र के वेतन पर नियुक्त अधिकारियों के क्या-क्या कार्य हैं और वे किस-किस स्थान पर नियुक्त हैं;

(ङ) भारत ऐलुमिनियम कम्पनी में ऐसी नियुक्तियां किसके निर्देशों पर की गयी हैं; और

(च) उसके क्या कारण हैं?

कार्मिक, लोक शिकायत तथा पेंशन मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री और संसदीय कार्य मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती मार्ग्रेट आल्वा): (क) जी, नहीं।

(ख) प्रश्न नहीं उठता।

(ग) से (च) सूचना एकत्र की जा रही है और सदन के पटल पर रख दी जाएगी।

Letters received from M.Ps.

602. SHRI MOHAMMED AFZAL *alias* MEEM AFZAL: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the number of letters written by the Members of Parliament to the Minister of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions during the period from 1.4.90 to 31.3.93 alongwith year-wise details thereof;

(b) the number of letters, out of them which were acknowledged;

(c) what is the number of letters in respect of which final replies were sent; and

(d) what is the break-up of final letters issued containing positive and negative replies, respectively?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SMT. MARGARET ALVA): (a) to (c) The available information is as given in the attached statement (*see* below).

(b) The information regarding nature of replies sent in individual cases is not being maintained.

Statement

Details regarding number of letters written by MPs to the Minister during the period from 1.4.90 to 31.3.93

Period	Total No. of letters received	No. of letters acknowledged	No. of Letters in respect of which final replies have been sent
01-4-90 to 31-12-90	357	291	344
1-1-91 to 31-12-91	395	318	376
1-1-92 to 31-12-92	604	533	592
1-1-93 to 31-03-93	207	163	196
TOTAL	1563	1305	1508